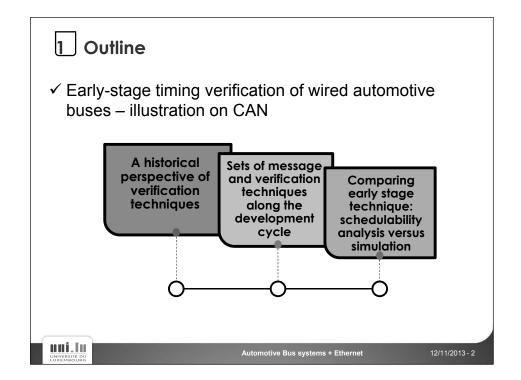


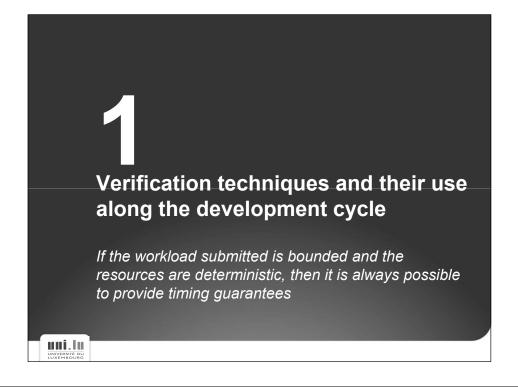
Verification of automotive networks -

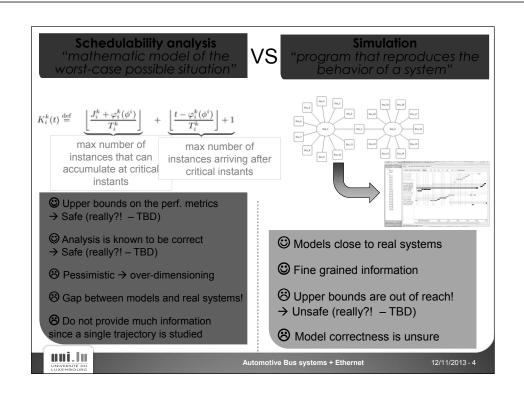
what to expect (and not expect) from each technique

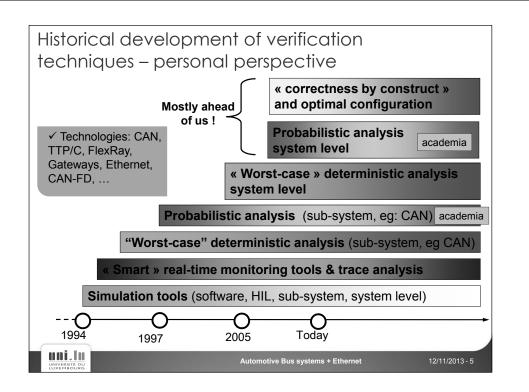
Nicolas NAVET – <u>nicolas.navet@uni.lu</u> "Automotive Bus systems + Ethernet" Stuttgart, Germany, December 9-11, 2013.

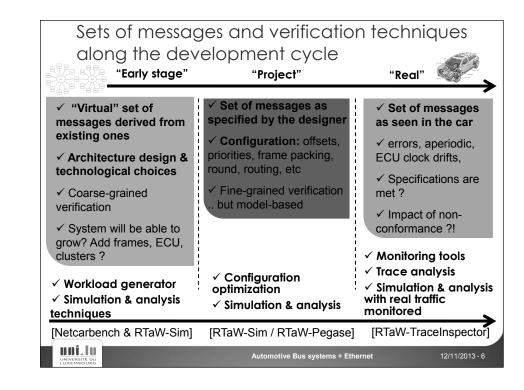
December 09, 2013

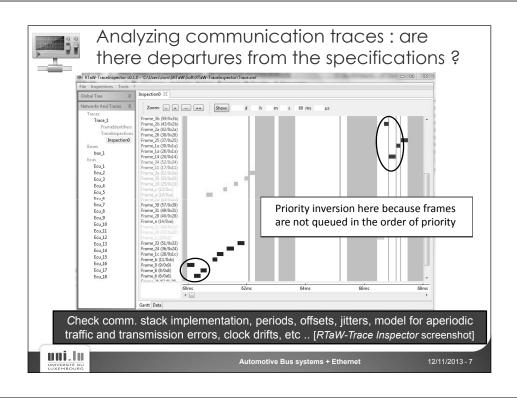


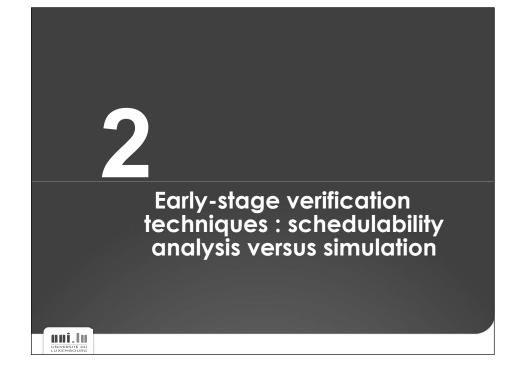


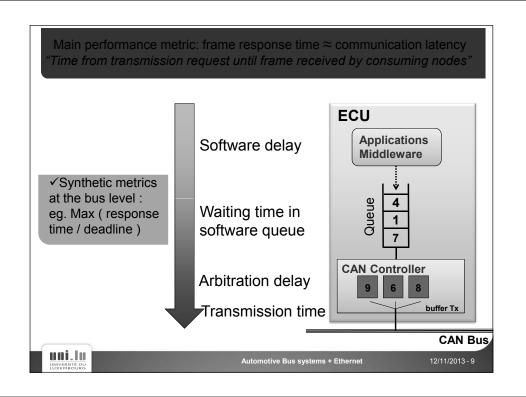


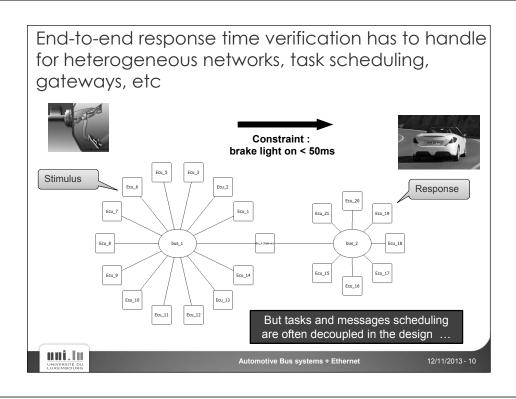


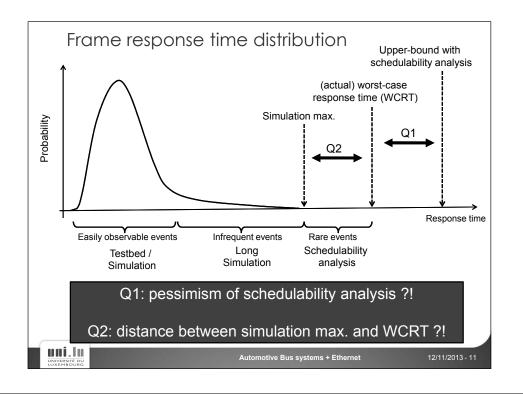


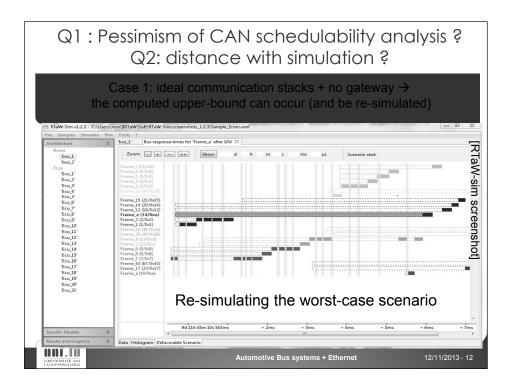


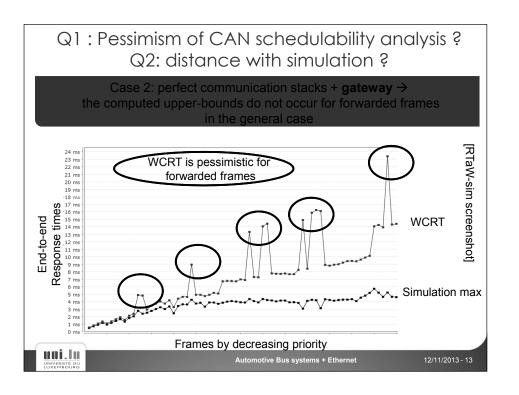












Beware of verification models! "Schedulability analysis ensures safety!" Our view: it might not be so... Analytic models are pessimistic (except in the "ideal" case) Analytic models are unrealistic (except in the "ideal" case) Analytical models and their implementation can be flawed "Simulation cannot provide firm guarantees"

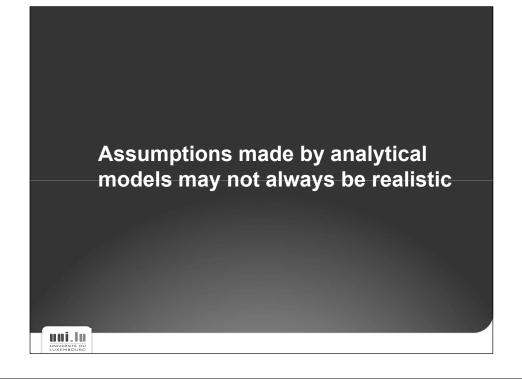
1. It is possible to verify correctness of simulation models

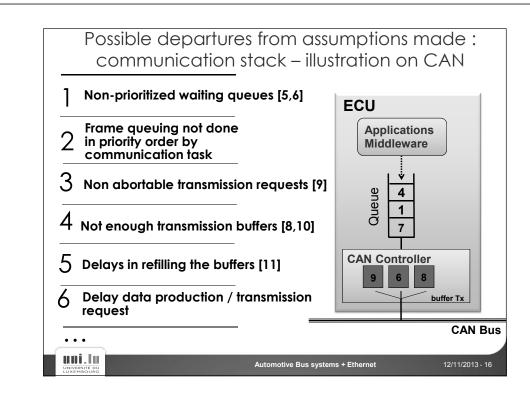
Our view: it might not be so...

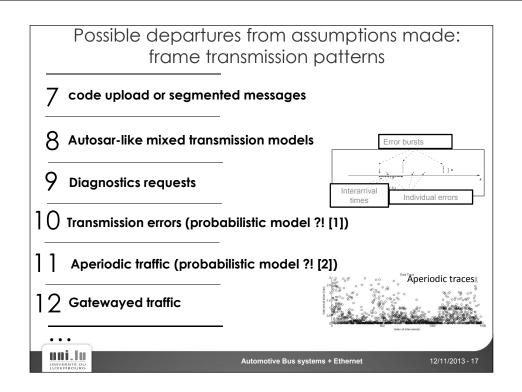
5. User-chosen guarantees can be enforced with proper methodology, e.g. with quantiles

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If the analytical model does not capture accurately all the characteristics of the system, then the results will be wrong ... in an unpredictable manner

TOTAL Analytic Total Analytic Worden Hirds

Afaik, on CAN there is no schedulability analysis published yet for both frame offsets and FIFO queues ...

Many high-priority frames are delayed here because a single ECU (out of 15) has a FIFO waiting queue ... could propagate through gateways

Frames by decreasing priority

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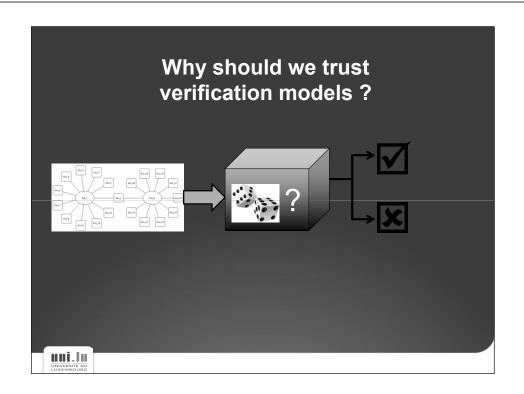
Good news: many works try to bridge the gap between analytic models and real systems [Ref.1 to 12]

- ✓ However not everything is covered, no integrated framework (first step in [6])
- And many existing analyses are conservative (= inaccurate), thus hardly usable for highly-loaded systems.
- ✓ Alas comprehensive and exact analysis would be overly complex (e.g. as in [9]) and intractable!

Personal view: both accurate and comprehensive analyses are out of reach ... if you need analysis, you have to conceive the systems accordingly



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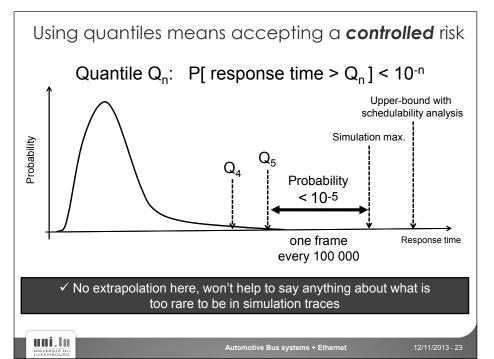
Models and software can be flawed ...

- ✓ Schedulability analyses are complex and error prone. remember "CAN analysis refuted, revisited, etc" [14] ?! → peer-review of the WCRT analyses and no black-box software
- ✓ Schedulability analysis implementations are error prone: analyses complexity, floating-point arithmetic!, how to check correctness?, not many end-users, cost-pressure, etc ...
- ✓ Easier to validate a simulator ? Yes ...
 - Cross-validation by re-simulating worst-case situation from schedulability analysis (when possible)
 - Cross-validation by comparison with real communication traces:
 e.g., comparing inter-arrival times distribution
 - Checking a set of correctness properties on simulation traces

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Simulation can provide guarantees with proper methodology

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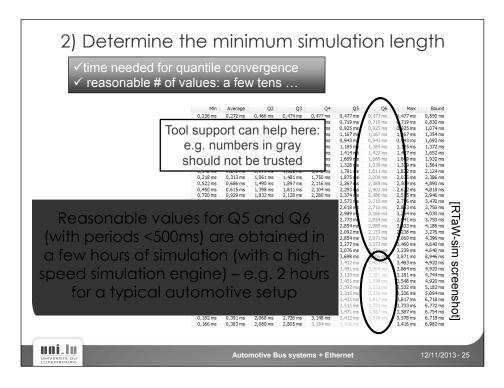
1) How often performance objectives can be violated regarding frame criticality?

Quantile	One frame every	Mean time to failure Frame period = 10ms	Mean time to failure Frame period = 500ms
Q3	1000	10 s	8mn 20s
Q4	10 000	1mn 40s	≈ 1h 23mn
Q5	100 000	≈ 17mn	≈ 13h 53mn
Q6	1000 000	≈ 2h 46mn	≈ 5d 19h
:		***	

Warning: successive failures in some cases might be temporally correlated, this must be ruled out ...

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Simulation vs analysis

- 1 There might be a gap between assumptions made for analytic models and the real system
 - ✓ pessimistic at best, can be unsafe
 - ✓ no dramatic improvements in sight
 - √"analyzability" should be a design constraint if needed
- 2 Simulation is a practical alternative even for critical systems .. with the proper methodology
 - \checkmark Determine quantile wrt criticality, and simulation length wrt to quantile
 - ✓ Simulator and models validation

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√ High-performance simulation engine needed for higher quantiles

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Increasingly complexity & higher load level calls for

- More constraining specifications, or conservative assumptions → a single node can jeopardize the system
- 2. Combined use of verification techniques:
 - Refinement of traffic knowledge over time
 - Simulation and/or analysis, and trace inspection
 - none of them alone is sufficient

✓ No verification model & tool can be trusted blindly – always question assumptions

✓ If schedulability analysis is required, the (sub-)system should be conceived accordingly, otherwise simulation is - in our view - a better option



Interested in this talk and simulation methodology?

Please consult our appear at ERTSS'2014: "Timing verification of automotive communication architectures using quantile estimation" co-authored with Shehnaz LOUVART (Renault), Jose VILLANUEVA (Renault) and Jörn MIGGE (RealTime-at-Work).

4

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